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9 **IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
10 **FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

11
12 JOSEPH WIDBY,
13 Petitioner,
14 v.
15 PAT HORN, WARDEN,
16 Respondent.
17

18 Case No. CV 23-5637 MWF (MRW)
19

20 **ORDER DISMISSING HABEAS**
ACTION

21 **FRCP 41**

22
23 The Court dismisses this habeas action for failure to prosecute and
24 failure to obey court orders.

25 * * *

26 1. This is a habeas action involving a state prisoner. In 2015,
27 Petitioner was convicted of assault with a deadly weapon, other charges,
28 and various sentencing enhancements. The trial court sentenced

1 Petitioner to a term of 21 years in prison. (Docket # 13 at 3.) The state
 2 appellate court affirmed the conviction in 2017.¹

3 2. In mid-2023, Petitioner filed this habeas action in federal court
 4 challenging his conviction and sentence. (Docket # 1.) Magistrate Judge
 5 Wilner screened the petition and directed the California Attorney General
 6 to respond to it by answer or motion. (Docket # 8.)

7 3. In October 2023, the Attorney General moved to dismiss the
 8 action on timeliness and exhaustion grounds. (Docket # 13.) Notably, the
 9 Attorney General contended that the AEDPA statute of limitations
 10 governing review of Petitioner's conviction expired approximately four
 11 years before he commenced the federal action.

12 4. Judge Wilner's original screening order informed Petitioner of
 13 his obligation to respond to a dismissal motion within 30 days. (Docket # 8
 14 at 2.) Petitioner failed to file any timely response to the motion.

15 5. Judge Wilner then issued an order to show cause why the
 16 action should not be dismissed. (Docket # 15.) The order warned
 17 Petitioner that failure to respond would "result in a recommendation that
 18 the action will be dismissed pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure
 19 41(b)" for failure to prosecute the action. Petitioner did not respond to the
 20 Court's OSC, either.

21 * * *

22 6. Rule 41(b) provides that if a plaintiff "fails to prosecute or to
 23 comply with these rules or a court order, a defendant may move to dismiss

24 ¹ The Attorney General contends that Petitioner did not file a petition
 25 for review in the state supreme court. However, a review of the court's online
 26 docket reveals that Petitioner did seek review (which was denied) in 2022.
 27 (People v. Widby, No. S274699 (Cal. 2022).) Given the delay in seeking review
 28 and the volume of habeas actions that Petitioner filed at various levels of the
 state court system (Docket # 14 at 2), though, it is likely that his supreme court
 filing was untimely. Because this action will be dismissed due to Petitioner's
 failure to prosecute, it is unnecessary for this federal court to evaluate the
 propriety of Petitioner's state court submissions.

1 the action or any claim against it.” Dismissal also may be ordered by the
2 Court “sua sponte for failure to prosecute.” Dietz v. Bouldin, 579 U.S. 40,
3 47 (2016); Link v. Wabash R.R., 370 U.S. 626, 629-30 (1962).

4 7. Dismissal of a civil action under Rule 41 may be appropriate to
5 advance the public’s interest in the expeditious resolution of litigation, the
6 court’s need to manage its docket, and to avoid the risk of prejudice to
7 defendants. Additionally, a court must consider the public policy favoring
8 disposition of cases on their merits and the availability of less drastic
9 alternatives in its evaluation. Applied Underwriters, Inc. v. Lichtenegger,
10 913 F.3d 884, 890 (9th Cir. 2019); Dreith v. Nu Image, Inc., 648 F.3d 779,
11 788 (9th Cir. 2011).

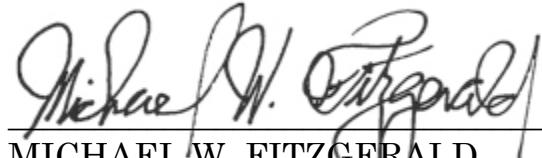
12 8. In the present action, dismissal is appropriate. Petitioner did
13 not respond to the Attorney General’s original dismissal motion or a follow-
14 up court order regarding this action. The magistrate judge expressly
15 advised Petitioner that he risked dismissal of his case if he did not act.
16 Petitioner’s failure to respond to the motion or the Court’s order
17 demonstrates that he has no interest in advancing the action here.

18 9. By contrast, the Court, the state, and the public have a strong
19 interest in terminating this action. This is particularly true given that
20 Petitioner effectively abandoned his case by not responding to the Court’s
21 orders or the Attorney General’s dismissal motion regarding the apparent
22 untimeliness of the action. Furthermore, because Petitioner is a pro se
23 litigant who did not abide by the Court’s recent order, no sanction short of
24 dismissal will be effective in moving this case forward. Applied
25 Underwriters, 913 F.3d at 890.

1 10. Accordingly, this action is DISMISSED with prejudice. See
2 Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b) (dismissal under rule ordinarily “operates as an
3 adjudication on the merits”).

4 IT IS SO ORDERED.

5
6 Dated: March 11, 2024


7 MICHAEL W. FITZGERALD
8 United States District Judge

9 Presented by:

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12 HON. MICHAEL R. WILNER
13 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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